



Peer Reviewed International Refereed Research Journal

"Education through self- help is our motto". – Karmaveer Rayat Shikshan Sanstha's,

Dr. Patangrao Kadam Mahavidyalaya, Ramanandnagar (Burli)

Tal: Palus, Dist.: Sangli, MH (India) 416 308

Reaccridited by NAAC 'A++' Grade with 3.53 CGPA

Affiliated to Shivaji University, Kolhapur

ICSSR, New Delhi Sponsored Two Day National Seminar On

"Agricultural Transformation and Rural Development in India: Issues, Challenges and Possibilities"

Organized

Department of Economics & Internal Quality Assurance Cell (IQAC)



Jan. To Mar. 2025 Special Issue

01

MAH/MUL/ 03051/2012

ISSN:2319 9318



'Education through self-help is our motto'- Karmaveer

Rayat Shikshan Sanstha's

Dr. Patangrao Kadam Mahavidyalaya, Ramanandnagar (Burli)

Tal: Palus, Dist: Sangli Maharashtra (India) 416 308

Department of Economics & IQAC

Organized

ICSSR, New Delhi Sponsored

Two Day National Seminar on

"Agricultural Transformation and Rural Development in India: Issues, Challenges and Possibilities"

March, 2025

विद्यावार्ता या आंतरविद्याशाखीय बहूभाषिक त्रैमासिकात व्यक्त झाालेल्या मतांशी मालक, ď. प्रकाशक, मुद्रक, संपादक सहमत असतीलच असे नाही. न्यायक्षेत्र:बीड

"Printed by: Harshwardhan Publication Pvt.Ltd. Published by Ghodke Archana Rajendra & Printed & published at Harshwardhan Publication Pvt.Ltd.,At.Post. Limbaganesh Dist, Beed -431122 (Maharashtra) and Editor Dr. Gholap Bapu Ganpat.

Rog.No.U74120 MH2013 PTC 251205

Tarshwardhan Publication Pvt.Ltd.

At.Post.Limbaganesh,Tq.Dist.Beed Pin-431126 (Maharashtra) Cell:07588057695,09850203295 harshwardhanpubli@gmall.com, vldyawarta@gmall.com

All Types Educational & Reference Book Publisher & Distributors / www.vidyawarta.com





01) A STUDY OF AREA UNDER CULTIVATION AND PRODUCTION OF TOTAL Dr. Rohit Dinkar Barsing, Kolhapur 02) Agri Startups in India: A Catalyst for Agricultural Transformation Amrut. M. Chavan, Prof. Dr. P. B. Patil, Ramanandnagar 03) STUDY OF RECENT POLICIES AND TRENDS OF AGRICULTURAL EXPORT Mahesh S. Vandkar, Gadhinglaj 04) Agricultural Financing in India Dr. Varsha Raghunath Shinde, Ichalkaranji 05) Agricultural labor problems in Kolhapur District Dr. P. V. Nikam, Kolhapur 06) Agricultural Transformation and Rural Development in India Shri. Dattatray Vishwas Nalage, Sarud 07) An Evaluation of the Pradhan Mantri Krishi Sinchayee Yojana (PMKSY) Mahesh Ramrao Bhosale, Prajakta Shankar Arote, Ahmedabad, Gujrat 08) ENHANCING RURAL ECONOMIES THROUGH AGRO-PROCESSING Mrs. Arpita A. Wagh, Baramati (MS) 09) Changes made in Indian agriculture and development in 75 years Dr. Sameer H. Gaikwad, Hatkanangale 10) A Study on the Problems of Agriculture Labors in India Dr. Sandip Bhimrao Sable, Baramati. Dist-Pune 11) Sustainable Resources Management: Importance, Challenges Dr. (Ms.) Nishigandha Prakash Bansode, Karad 12) Effects of Climate Change on Agriculture Dr. Vinaya Vikas Raijadhav, Gargoti, Dist Kolhapur		INDEX	
Amrut. M. Chavan, Prof. Dr. P. B. Patil, Ramanandnagar 03) STUDY OF RECENT POLICIES AND TRENDS OF AGRICULTURAL EXPORT Mahesh S. Vandkar, Gadhinglaj 04) Agricultural Financing in India Dr. Varsha Raghunath Shinde, Ichalkaranji 05) Agricultural labor problems in Kolhapur District Dr. P. V. Nikam, Kolhapur 06) Agricultural Transformation and Rural Development in India Shri. Dattatray Vishwas Nalage, Sarud 07) An Evaluation of the Pradhan Mantri Krishi Sinchayee Yojana (PMKSY) Mahesh Ramrao Bhosale, Prajakta Shankar Arote, Ahmedabad, Gujrat 08) ENHANCING RURAL ECONOMIES THROUGH AGRO-PROCESSING Mrs. Arpita A. Wagh, Baramati (MS) 09) Changes made in Indian agriculture and development in 75 years Dr. Sameer H. Gaikwad, Hatkanangale 10) A Study on the Problems of Agriculture Labors in India Dr. Sandip Bhimrao Sable, Baramati. Dist-Pune 11) Sustainable Resources Management: Importance, Challenges Dr. (Ms.) Nishigandha Prakash Bansode, Karad 12) Effects of Climate Change on Agriculture Dr. Vinaya Vikas Raijadhav, Gargoti, Dist Kolhapur			11
Mahesh S. Vandkar, Gadhinglaj 04) Agricultural Financing in India Dr. Varsha Raghunath Shinde, Ichalkaranji 05) Agricultural labor problems in Kolhapur District Dr. P. V. Nikam, Kolhapur 06) Agricultural Transformation and Rural Development in India Shri. Dattatray Vishwas Nalage, Sarud 07) An Evaluation of the Pradhan Mantri Krishi Sinchayee Yojana (PMKSY) Mahesh Ramrao Bhosale, Prajakta Shankar Arote, Ahmedabad, Gujrat 08) ENHANCING RURAL ECONOMIES THROUGH AGRO-PROCESSING Mrs. Arpita A. Wagh, Baramati (MS) 09) Changes made in Indian agriculture and development in 75 years Dr. Sameer H. Gaikwad, Hatkanangale 10) A Study on the Problems of Agriculture Labors in India Dr. Sandip Bhimrao Sable, Baramati. Dist-Pune 11) Sustainable Resources Management: Importance, Challenges Dr. (Ms.) Nishigandha Prakash Bansode, Karad 12) Effects of Climate Change on Agriculture Dr. Vinaya Vikas Raijadhav, Gargoti, Dist Kolhapur	6)2) Agri Startups in India: A Catalyst for Agricultural Transformation Amrut. M. Chavan, Prof. Dr. P. B. Patil, Ramanandnagar	14
04) Agricultural Financing in India Dr. Varsha Raghunath Shinde, Ichalkaranji 05) Agricultural labor problems in Kolhapur District Dr. P. V. Nikam, Kolhapur 06) Agricultural Transformation and Rural Development in India Shri. Dattatray Vishwas Nalage, Sarud 07) An Evaluation of the Pradhan Mantri Krishi Sinchayee Yojana (PMKSY) Mahesh Ramrao Bhosale, Prajakta Shankar Arote, Ahmedabad, Gujrat 08) ENHANCING RURAL ECONOMIES THROUGH AGRO-PROCESSING Mrs. Arpita A. Wagh, Baramati (MS) 09) Changes made in Indian agriculture and development in 75 years Dr. Sameer H. Gaikwad, Hatkanangale 10) A Study on the Problems of Agriculture Labors in India Dr. Sandip Bhimrao Sable, Baramati. Dist-Pune 11) Sustainable Resources Management: Importance, Challenges Dr. (Ms.) Nishigandha Prakash Bansode, Karad 12) Effects of Climate Change on Agriculture Dr. Vinaya Vikas Raijadhav, Gargoti, Dist Kolhapur	0 0		17
07) An Evaluation of the Pradhan Mantri Krishi Sinchayee Yojana (PMKSY) Mahesh Ramrao Bhosale, Prajakta Shankar Arote, Ahmedabad, Gujrat 08) ENHANCING RURAL ECONOMIES THROUGH AGRO-PROCESSING Mrs. Arpita A. Wagh, Baramati (MS) 09) Changes made in Indian agriculture and development in 75 years Dr. Sameer H. Gaikwad, Hatkanangale 10) A Study on the Problems of Agriculture Labors in India Dr. Sandip Bhimrao Sable, Baramati. Dist-Pune 11) Sustainable Resources Management: Importance, Challenges Dr. (Ms.) Nishigandha Prakash Bansode, Karad 12) Effects of Climate Change on Agriculture Dr. Vinaya Vikas Raijadhav, Gargoti, Dist Kolhapur	0		22
07) An Evaluation of the Pradhan Mantri Krishi Sinchayee Yojana (PMKSY) Mahesh Ramrao Bhosale, Prajakta Shankar Arote, Ahmedabad, Gujrat 08) ENHANCING RURAL ECONOMIES THROUGH AGRO-PROCESSING Mrs. Arpita A. Wagh, Baramati (MS) 09) Changes made in Indian agriculture and development in 75 years Dr. Sameer H. Gaikwad, Hatkanangale 10) A Study on the Problems of Agriculture Labors in India Dr. Sandip Bhimrao Sable, Baramati. Dist-Pune 11) Sustainable Resources Management: Importance, Challenges Dr. (Ms.) Nishigandha Prakash Bansode, Karad 12) Effects of Climate Change on Agriculture Dr. Vinaya Vikas Raijadhav, Gargoti, Dist Kolhapur	,printi		27
08) ENHANCING RURAL ECONOMIES THROUGH AGRO-PROCESSING Mrs. Arpita A. Wagh, Baramati (MS) 09) Changes made in Indian agriculture and development in 75 years Dr. Sameer H. Gaikwad, Hatkanangale 10) A Study on the Problems of Agriculture Labors in India Dr. Sandip Bhimrao Sable, Baramati. Dist-Pune 11) Sustainable Resources Management: Importance, Challenges Dr. (Ms.) Nishigandha Prakash Bansode, Karad 12) Effects of Climate Change on Agriculture Dr. Vinaya Vikas Raijadhav, Gargoti, Dist Kolhapur	nmm/		31
Mrs. Arpita A. Wagh, Baramati (MS) O9) Changes made in Indian agriculture and development in 75 years Dr. Sameer H. Gaikwad, Hatkanangale 10) A Study on the Problems of Agriculture Labors in India Dr. Sandip Bhimrao Sable, Baramati. Dist-Pune 11) Sustainable Resources Management: Importance, Challenges Dr. (Ms.) Nishigandha Prakash Bansode, Karad 12) Effects of Climate Change on Agriculture Dr. Vinaya Vikas Raijadhav, Gargoti, Dist Kolhapur	http:/	סר) An Evaluation of the Pradhan Mantri Krishi Sinchayee Yojana (PMKSY) Mahesh Ramrao Bhosale, Prajakta Shankar Arote, Ahmedabad, Gujrat	40
10) A Study on the Problems of Agriculture Labors in India Dr. Sandip Bhimrao Sable, Baramati. Dist-Pune 11) Sustainable Resources Management: Importance, Challenges Dr. (Ms.) Nishigandha Prakash Bansode, Karad 12) Effects of Climate Change on Agriculture Dr. Vinaya Vikas Raijadhav, Gargoti, Dist Kolhapur			46
10) A Study on the Problems of Agriculture Labors in Male Dr. Sandip Bhimrao Sable, Baramati. Dist-Pune 11) Sustainable Resources Management: Importance, Challenges Dr. (Ms.) Nishigandha Prakash Bansode, Karad 12) Effects of Climate Change on Agriculture Dr. Vinaya Vikas Raijadhav, Gargoti, Dist Kolhapur	a.com	09) Changes made in Indian agriculture and development in 75 years Dr. Sameer H. Gaikwad, Hatkanangale	51
Dr. Vinaya Vikas Raijadhav, Gargoti, Dist Kolhapur	es	10) A Study on the Problems of Agriculture Labors in India Dr. Sandip Bhimrao Sable, Baramati. Dist-Pune	55
Dr. Vinaya Vikas Raijadhav, Gargoti, Dist Kolhapur	vw.vid	Dr. (Mc.) Nichigandha Prakash Bansode, Karau	60
13) ENHANGING MARKET ACCESS AND ECONOMIC SUSTAINABILITY FOR	MM	12) Effects of Climate Change on Agriculture	63
Mr. Dadasaheb Randive, Jath		13) ENHANCING MARKET ACCESS AND ECONOMIC SUSTAINABILITY FOR Mr. Dadasaheb Randive, Jath	67

विद्यावार्ता: Interdisciplinary Multilingual Refereed Journal Impact Factor 9.45(॥॥೯)



14) Honey Market in India	
Dr. Dattatray N. Waghmare, Gadhinglaj	71
15) Dairy Development in Pune District: Challenges, Opportunities, and Mr. Mahesh S. Phule, Dr. Neha Nalawade, Pune	76
16) Changing Cropping Pattern in India: Challenges and Opportunities Dr. Digamber Bhagwat Bhoge, Umbraj Tal-Karad Dist-Satara	79
17) Problems of Agricultural Labour in India Dr. Ramjan Fattukhan Mujawar, Satara	84
18) Effect of Stress on yield, proline and chlorophyll content in five lablab Jadhav Somnath, Minakshi Neware, Deepak Birla, Ritesh Pagare	
19) An Overview of Organic Farming in India Dr. Sharvari R. Kulkarni, Mr. Sachin G. Nikam, Koregaon	93
20) Powering The Future: A Comparative Analysis of Solar Electricity Arya R. Jadhav, Gayatri R. Sonawane, Dr. Rashmi A. Godhi, Kolhapur	96
² 21) Role of women Entrepreneurs in Agriculture Dr. S. R. Bankar, Ramanandnagar (Burli)	100
Dr. S. R. Bankar, Ramanandnagar (Burli) 22) Shaping Rural India: Integrating Agricultural Transformation with Arya Ranjit Jadhav, Dr. Rashmi Anand Godhi, Kolhapur	
Dr. S. R. Bankar, Ramanandnagar (Burli) 22) Shaping Rural India: Integrating Agricultural Transformation with Arya Ranjit Jadhav, Dr. Rashmi Anand Godhi, Kolhapur 23) TO STUDY THE EXPORT OF FRUITS AND VEGETABLES COMMODITY IN INDIA Dr. Sarika Namdeo Shinde, Dr. Samina S. Jamadar, Kolhapur	100 104 109
Dr. S. R. Bankar, Ramanandnagar (Burli) 22) Shaping Rural India: Integrating Agricultural Transformation with Arya Ranjit Jadhav, Dr. Rashmi Anand Godhi, Kolhapur 23) TO STUDY THE EXPORT OF FRUITS AND VEGETABLES COMMODITY IN INDIA Dr. Sarika Namdeo Shinde, Dr. Samina S. Jamadar, Kolhapur	104
Dr. S. R. Bankar, Ramanandnagar (Burli) 22) Shaping Rural India: Integrating Agricultural Transformation with Arya Ranjit Jadhav, Dr. Rashmi Anand Godhi, Kolhapur 23) TO STUDY THE EXPORT OF FRUITS AND VEGETABLES COMMODITY IN INDIA Dr. Sarika Namdeo Shinde, Dr. Samina S. Jamadar, Kolhapur	10 ⁴ 10 ⁹ 11 ²
Dr. S. R. Bankar, Ramanandnagar (Burli) 22) Shaping Rural India: Integrating Agricultural Transformation with Arya Ranjit Jadhav, Dr. Rashmi Anand Godhi, Kolhapur 23) TO STUDY THE EXPORT OF FRUITS AND VEGETABLES COMMODITY IN INDIA Dr. Sarika Namdeo Shinde, Dr. Samina S. Jamadar, Kolhapur 24) Agro-Ecological Analysis of Cropping Patterns in the Krishna River Asha Budharam Madavi, Satish Ashok Maske, Ramanandnagar (Burli) 25) An Analytical Study of Rural Infrastructure Financing to Section 1.1.	10 ⁴ 10 ⁹ 11 ² 11 ⁹

Г	Special iss	ue	
	28) BREAKING BARRIERS: LINI FASHING THE BOWER	•••••••	•••••••
l	28) BREAKING BARRIERS: UNLEASHING THE POWER OF NANO-ENTREPRENEURSHI Mrs. Prof. Pratibha Dattatraya Pudale, Ramanandnagar (Burli)		127
varta.com/03 h	***************************************		••••••
	29) Crop Health Assessment of the Cauvery Basin Using NDVI Shubhangi Bharat Kurhade, Ramanandnagar (Burli)	11	130
	30) THE ROLE OF GOVERNMENT SCHEMES IN MAHARASHTRA'S AGRICULTURAL Dr. Sarika Vishwas More, Kolhapur		
			134
	i and the should be a state of the should be s		
	i anaji	11	139
	32) THE ROLE OF NABARD IN AGRICULTURE AND RURAL DEVELOPMENT		••••••
	Tanuja Sanjay Dhotre, Satara	П	145
	33) TRENDS AND CHANGES IN CROPPING SYSTEMS OF SATARA DISTRICT	••••••	••••••
		П	151
		••••••	•••••••••
	Maske Satish Ashok, Asha Budharam Madavi, Ramanandnagar (Burli)	П	155
	35) Sustainable Rural Development: An Overview of Dimensions, Challenges	·•••••••••	•••••
	Dr. Amol Kamble, Mr. Baban Patil, Ramanandnagar (Burli)		160
	-	•••••••	
	36) The Role of MGNREGS in Maharashtra: Impacts and Challenges Dr. Kokare Sadhu Hanamant, Vita, Dist- Sangli	- 11	163
	· }		
	37) महाराष्ट्रातील सहकारी साखर उद्योगाची सध्यस्थिती व आव्हाने		
	डॉ. मोहन सदामते, डॉ. प्रताप लाड, कुंडल	11	166
	38) महाराष्ट्रातील पतपुरवठा करणाऱ्या सहकारी संस्थांचा विकास व आव्हाने		
	38) महाराष्ट्रातील पतपुरवठा करणाऱ्या सहकारी संस्थांचा विकास व आव्हाने Prof. Reshma V. Shinde, Islampur 39) जागतिकीकरण आणि शाश्वत कृषी विकास डॉ. शेख आलम गफूर, पेण, रायगड	П	171
	201	••••••	••••••
A 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	39) जागतिकीकरण आणि शाश्वत कृषी विकास डॉ. शेख आलम गफर पेण, रायगड	П	176

	40) भारतातील मसाल्यांचे उत्पादन आणि निर्यातीचे अर्थकारण		101
	श्रीमती मनीषा सुरेश पवार, डॉ. दत्तात्रय भगवानराव शेडगे, देऊर		181
١	***************************************		

विद्यावार्ता: Interdisciplinary Multilingual Refereed Journal Impact Factor 9.45(॥॥)



Agro-Ecological Analysis of Cropping Patterns in the Krishna River Basin, Karad

Asha Budharam Madavi

Satish Ashok Maske

Dr. Pantangrao Kadam Mahavidyalaya, Ramanandnagar (Burli)

lelelelelelelekk

Abstract:

Agriculture is base of India's economy. In the Indian economy Sustainable agriculture development to give us the better performance. Now this era agriculture face numerous challenges. Cropping pattern also change the sustainable agricultural practices. Cropping pattern refers to the spatial and temporal arrangement of crops grown in a given area. This paper find out the cropping pattern and land utilization in the Krishna River Basin in Karad region. The Krishna River is a main and important water source for the agricultural lands in the Karad region. The region, plays an important role in the basin's agriculture. The research paper focus on cropping pattern, different type of agricultural practices, crop changes, and socioeconomic impact on the agriculture production. Study of the soil, irrigation, and climate to understand their role in the region of Karad cropping patterns. The findings can help in planning of sustainable agricultural practices and water usage for better crop production in the region.

Keyword: - cropping pattern, crop changes, crop production, land utilization, Sustainable agriculture development Introduction:

The Krishna River Basin expanded the multiple states, including the Maharashtra. The

Karad region, situated in the state of Maharashtra, plays an important role in the basin's agriculture.

The river is a main and important Water source for the agricultural lands in the Karad region. The cropping pattern is depend on the availability of water from the Krishna River and its tributaries, soil fertility, and local agricultural practices In Karad. Cropping pattern refers to the spatial and temporal arrangement of crops grown in a given area. It is determined by various factors, such as climate, water resources, sol types, and socio-economic conditions. In the Indian economy Sustainable agriculture development to give us the better performance. Now this era agriculture face numerous challenges. Cropping pattern also change the sustainable agricultural practices. The research paper focus on cropping pattern, different type of agricultural practices, crop changes, and socio-economic impact on the agriculture production. Main objective is to identify major crops and examine the influence of irrigation on cropping pattern. So we chose the particular area and study along with the objective. The Geographical, social and economic factors are affecting to the cropping pattern of Karadregion Karad region is good for the agriculture development and production of various crops for economic growth. The Krishna River and its tributaries Koyna, Uttar mand, Tarali, provide irrigation sources for agriculture. The extent irrigation facilities in the region plays and important important role in cropping choices. It's a good sing for we sing for variation of cropping pattern. In the Karad farm Karad farmers are often practice crop rotation soil fertility is maintained ensuring Diversification is increasingly being adopted to mitigate with mitigate risks from monsoon variability and market flucture and monsoon variability market fluctuations. Government policy and available to the available to the second se available to the subsidies for the sugarcane encourage. encourage the farmer to the cultivation of sugarcane sugarcane. Additionally, support programs for irrigation information विद्यावार्ता: Interdisciplinary Multilingual Refereed Journal Impact Factor 9.45 irrigation infrastructure influence cropping

Jan. To Mar. 2025 Special Issue

0113

decisions. That is the main purpose of the research paper.

Objective of the Study:

1. To assess the cropping patterns in the Karad region.

2. Identify major crops and study the influence of irrigation on cropping pattern.

3. Evaluate the sustainability of current practices.

Methodology:

1. Data Collection: The present study is based on secondary data collected through District Statistical Office, Department of Agriculture Satara District, Season and Crop Reports published by the department of Agriculture, Statistical Abstract of Maharashtra, Socio - Economic Review and of Satara District- 2017-18 & 2020 - 2024, District census and hand book.

2. Study Area: The paper focuses on the Karad region, located in the Satara district of Maharashtra, within the Krishna River Basin. Geographically karad tahsil is located 17 to 74 32'North latitude and 73 58' to 74 16' East longitude. The total area of karad is 566 m. The study area has a well-developed drainage pattern by Krishna, Koyna, Uttar mand, Tarali and their tributaries. The river is occupied by typical black soil.

Discussion & Result: -

"Land Use is the actual and specific use to which the land source is put in terms of inherent land use characteristics." (R. L. Sing and Tiwari, page no. 76)

"Land Utilization is the process of exploiting the land use that is applied to specific object."

"Cropping Pattern means proportion of area under various crops at particular period of the time." (C. B. Mamoriya)

"Cropping pattern refers to the spatial and temporal arrangement of crops grown in a given area."

Formula: -

$$S.D. = \frac{\sum d^2}{N}$$

D = Difference between actual crops % in a given opprobrious in the article crop. N = Number of Crops.

(C. B. Mamoria, Agricultural Problems of India Page no.107 & Majid Hussin, Agriculture Geography)

Factors affecting to the Cropping Patterns:

- Geographical and Climatic Factor.
- 2. Socio-Economic Factors

Geographical and Climatic Factor.

Climate: - Karad region good for the agriculture development and production of economic growth. The climate of the Karad region is a tropical climate with a specific monsoon season, its effect on the cropping patterns. The average annual rainfall in the region is significant, but its distribution are different, which affects irrigation dependency.

Soil Type: - The soils in Karad are mainly black soils, its ideal soil for crops like cotton, soybeans, and sugarcane, but that type of soil may also support pulses and vegetables in some areas.

Water Availability: The Krishna River and its tributaries, such as the Koyna rivers, provide irrigation sources. The extent of irrigation facilities in the region plays an important role in cropping choices. It's a good sing for variation of cropping pattern.

Socio-Economic Factors Influencing Cropping Patterns:

Socio-economic factors is crucial for developing policies and interventions that promote sustainable and resilient agricultural practices in the Krishna River Basin.

Economic Factors: Farmers are motivated to grow crops that offer higher profitability. For instance, the cultivation of cash . crops Market Demand is mostly of sugarcane and soyabean. Farmers tend to shift crops based on current market prices and the demand for products. So mostly sugarcane and soybeans crops are grown because of their market value and potential returns

Government Policies: The affordability

Jan. To Mar. 2025 Special Issue

of inputs such as seeds, fertilizers, and pesticides, along with government subsidies, can make certain crops more attractive, thereby influencing cropping patterns. Government available the subsidies for the sugarcane, encourage the farmer to the cultivation of sugarcane. Additionally, support programs for irrigation infrastructure influence cropping decisions.

Socio-Cultural Factors: The region's cultural preferences also shape crop choices. The traditional crops of Karad is pulses and millets have seen a decline in favour of cash crops. Also Labour availability is an essential part of agriculture in the Krishna River Basin. The availability of labor during peak farming seasons influences the choice of crops.

Cropping Patterns in Karad: Major Crops:

In a Kharif season the major crops are paddy, sugarcane, soybeans, and groundnut and the Rabi Season crops such as wheat, and mustard. Other Crops are various types of vegetables and fruits, including grapes and bananas, are cultivated in some parts of Karad. **Crop Rotation and Diversification:**

In the Karad farmers are often practice crop rotation, ensuring soil fertility is maintained. Diversification is increasingly being adopted to mitigate risks from monsoon variability and market fluctuations.

Irrigation Patterns:

The Krishna River Basin provide the irrigation, which supports multiple cropping patterns. Irrigation systems, including canals, wells, and drip irrigation, help in water management. However, over-reliance on irrigation can lead to waterlogging and salinity problems in some areas. The presence of irrigation facilities, such as those provided by the Upper Krishna Project, significantly impacts cropping choices. Farmers in irrigated areas often cultivate water-intensive crops like rice and sugarcane, while those in rained regions may opt for drought-resistant varieties.

Sustainability of the Current Cropping Patterns:

Water Management: The excessive reliance on water-intensive crops, particularly sugarcane, may lead to unsustainable water use in the long term. Efficient irrigation systems. rainwater harvesting, and adopting droughtresistant crops are crucial for sustainability.

Soil Health: Soil fertility and health determine the suitability of certain crops. influencing farmers' choices based on soil conditions. Continuous mono cropping, particularly of high-demand crops, can lead to soil degradation. Sustainable practices like crop rotation, organic farming, and reducing the use of chemical fertilizers can help maintain soil fertility.

Climate Change: Changes in rainfall patterns and temperature rise due to climate change will likely alter the existing cropping patterns. This calls for adaptive strategies like growing heat-tolerant crops and improving water conservation practices.

Educated farmers are more likely to adopt innovative and sustainable agricultural practices, including crop diversification and integrated pest management, leading to more resilient cropping systems. Subsidies, minimum support prices, and crop insurance schemes can incentivize farmers to grow specific crops, thereby influencing cropping patterns.

Current Cropping Patterns:

Rice Cultivation: Rice is a staple crop in the basin, particularly in areas with access to irrigation. However, its high water demand raises concerns about water scarcity and soil health.

Sugarcane Production: The basin is a significant producer of sugarcane, a water intensive crop. This has led to debates about the sustainability of cultivating such crops in water-scarce regions.

Conclusion:

In conclusion, while the Krishna River Basin's current cropping patterns have supported agriculture, addressing water scarcity, soil health, and climate variability is crucial for their

विद्यावार्ता: Interdisciplinary Multilingual Refereed Journal Impact Factor 9.45(॥॥)

ISSN: 2319 9318

long-term sustainability. Adopting integrated water management strategies, diversifying crops, and implementing conservation practices are essential steps toward achieving sustainable agriculture in the region. Cropping patterns in the Krishna River Basin are shaped by a complex interplay of socio-economic factors that influence farmers' decisions and agricultural practices. The Krishna River Basin in Karad is characterized by diverse cropping patterns influenced by factors like water availability, soil conditions, and socio-economic pressures. While the region benefits from irrigation and fertile land, challenges such as water scarcity, soil degradation, and climate change threaten the long-term sustainability of the current cropping patterns. Adaptation strategies, including water conservation, crop diversification, and sustainable farming practices, are necessary for ensuring the future of agriculture in Karad. Main Challenges is that there water scarcity during dry seasons, despite irrigation sources. Fluctuations in crop yields due to irregular monsoons and climate change. Dependence on sugarcane and water-intensive crops, leading to water overexploitation. Access to agricultural extension services provides farmers with information on best practices, pest management, and crop selection, impacting their cropping decisions.

References:

1. C. B. Mamoria, Agricultural Problems of India

- 2. K. A. Khatib, Agriculture Geography
- 3. K. Siddhartha, Economic Geography
- 4. Majid Hussin, Agriculture Geography
- 5. R. N. Sing, Tiwari, Agriculture Geography
- 6. R. L. Sing, Rana P. B. Singh, Agriculture

Geography

- 7. Singh, Jasbir and Dhilon, S.S., Agricultural Geography
 - 8. Academic journals,
- water reports, Government management, and environmental sustainability in the Krishna River Basin.
- 10. Socio-economic abstract 2010-11
- 11. Socio-economic abstract 2020-2024 Satara district. Satara District.

An Analytical Study of Rural Infrastructure Financing to Sustainable Development

Dr. Sunil A. Gond Assistant Professor Dept. of Economics Savitribai Phule Mahila Mahavidyalaya, Satara

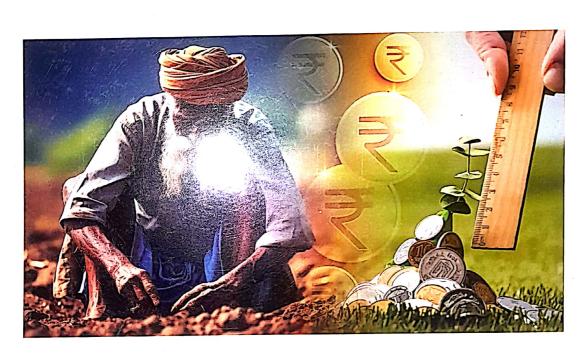
Mr. Nileshkumar N. Gurav

Assistant Professor Dept. of Economics Chh.Shivaji College, Satara

Abstract -

Agriculture sector is a backbone of our country. So, Indian economy is the agricultural economy and real India is in the villages. Without rural economic development and sustainable development, the objectives of economic planning cannot be reached. So, banks and other financial institutions are considered a vital role in rural economic development and sustainable development in India. NABARD is playing a vital role in the economic development of rural India. A developing country, like India, ought to be an ideal environment for microfinance programmes seeking to reach the poor and attain financial sustainability. Microfinance is regarded as a central poverty alleviation strategy and a means of deriving economic growth and employment of small, micro & medium enterprises. A complex set of best practice models and a network of active members and support of rural people in an organized form and the active support of banks and NABARD in India have emerged to support a thriving industry. The present research paper focuses on financing rural infrastructure for

विद्यावार्ता: Interdisciplinary Multilingual Refereed Journal (Impact Factor 9.45 (IIJIF)





Publisher & Owner

Archana Rajendra Ghodke Harshwardhan Publication Pvt.Ltd. At.Post.Limbaganesh, Tq.Dist.Beed-431 126
(Maharashtra) Mob.09850203295
E-mail: vidyawarta@gmail.com www.vidyawarta.com



