

ENGLISH PART - I

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Blend: A Tapestry of Multi-Disciplinary Narratives

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24. Geographical Tourist Destinations in Sangli District

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Introduction

The district has different geographical, economic and social conditions. Jat, Atpadi, Kavthemahankal are the permanent drought talukas. Many villages in Palus, Valva and Miraj talukas are at risk of permanent floods. Shirala, Kadegaon, Khanapur are hill talukas. There is a forest in Shirala taluka at one end. On the other hand, Jat taluka has a barren land. Half of Sangli on the Maharashtra-Karnataka border is run in Kannada. The east-west length of the district is 205 km and the north-south length is 96 km.

Sangli district is known as the district of revolutionaries. But the Krishna River and Mahadev mountain ranges in the district are also rich in nature. The small forts, Bhuikot and ancient temples built by Shivaji Raja in this mountain chain have also given a distinct identity to the taluka. Due to the awareness about tourism in the district and political will, some tourist places are developing in the district. The development of the tourism center is due to the positive attitude of the society and the government towards tourism. Due to this, Ganpati Temple, Mirza Dargah, Sangameshwar Temple (Haripur), Prachitgarh and Chandoli Dam / Sanctuary, Battis Shirala, Ganesh Temple at Tasgaon, Dandoba Sanctuary, Shukachari Cave have been developed

in the district. Tourism is being developed in the taluka through the efforts of tourism lovers and historians from Sangli district. Now the society is looking at tourism centers as a means of industry and income. Therefore, the tourism situation in the district is improving.

1. Yashwantrao Chavan Sagareshwar Wildlife Sanctuary

Yashwantrao Chavan Sagareshwar Wildlife Sanctuary is a beautiful confluence of constructive activists and the government. Deforestation that has been going on for two decades in the post-independence period. Wash. M. Mohite did not fall. The area, which was becoming desolate with the reversing day, was increasing their uneasiness. In 1970, Mr. Wash. M. Mohite Patrakar's car was blocked at one place. It was raining for an hour. But it was noticed that this incident has some provision to protect the forest and wildlife from the destructive attitude of human beings. From there, the area was declared a hunting ground in collaboration with local forest officials and staff. Provision was made for the protection of wildlife, birds, snakes, insects along with trees and in 1985 the area was declared as a sanctuary.

Yashwantrao Chavan Sagareshwar Wildlife Sanctuary is spread over three talukas of Sangli district viz. Valva, Kadegaon, Palus on the banks of river Krishna. The area of the sanctuary is 10.87 sq. Km. That. I am the sanctuaries were established in 1985. This sanctuary is famous for deer. The area around the sanctuary receives an average rainfall of 400 mm. The climate is hot and dry. The forests in the sanctuary area are deciduous and thorny in hot and dry climates and include grasslands.

Bird World

Yashwantrao Chavan Sagareshwar Wildlife Sanctuary is a paradise for birds and a great place for bird watching. The smallest sanctuary in Maharashtra is home to 142 species of birds.

These include Kotwal, Haldya, Salunki, Maina, Sugaran, Munia, Chashmewala, Suryapakshi, Nachan, Satbhai, Rakhi Vatvatya, Pingala, Gawhani Ghubad, Hariyal, Kavada, Hola, Mor, Shikra, Kapashi, Gai Bagla, Vanchak.

Animal

Yashwantrao Chavan Sagareshwar Wildlife Sanctuary is a sanctuary for Sambar, Chital, Antelope, Wild, Rabbit, Khar, Salinder, Hanuman, Langur, Khokad, Kolha and Wolf.

Butterflies

The sanctuary has a wide variety of species of butterflies. It is home to the Yashwantrao Chavan Wildlife Sanctuary, the smallest butterfly in India. At the same time, the patented lady,

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who is famous for her migration in the world, gives this flower show. Other sanctuaries include Grass Damon, Told Jay, Common Mormon, Lime Butterfly, White Orange Tip, Common Gull, Common Wadder, Angel Pierot, Zebra Blue, Common Cerulin, and Red Pierrod. These butterflies are found mainly.

Plants

Ghavada, Khair, Teak, Karanj, Sandalwood, Neem, Custard apple, Mango, Wad, Apta, Karwand, Ghaneri, Ghaiti are the plants found in the sanctuary in hot and dry climates. In addition, most of the region is grassland and mainly grass species like Rosha, Pavana, Wakal and Kusali are found in it.

Reptiles and amphibians

In the sanctuary, Vala, Dhaman, Kavadya, Gavatya, Naneti, Divad, Kukari serpent, Mandul, Nag, Furse, Ghonas, Manyar etc. Species of snakes as well as fence lizard, color changing lizard, Sitanaganapati (skink), scorpion, pali, frog are found. The wetlands here are home to a wide variety of frogs.

2. Chandoli National Park

Chandoli Dam is located on the river Varna in 32 Shirala talukas of Sangli district. Chandoli National Park is located in Sangli and Kolhapur districts. 17th century Prachitgarh, Bhairavgad forts are of historical importance. Chandoli Sanctuary was declared a National Park in March 2007.

A recent census of 25 leopards, including three tigers, has been found in Chandoli National Park. The survey also found the existence of Shekru and Hariyal birds, which are the hallmarks of the state.

Chandoli National Park is the largest sanctuary in the state spread over an area of 317.67 sq km on the border of Sangli, Satara, Kolhapur and Ratna Giri districts. Therefore, for the development of this sanctuary, it has been given the status of a national park. As an evergreen forest, this national park attracts tourists. The national park's zoological census was conducted in May 2010 in two phases. The entire sanctuary is divided into 12 continents. For census, one group in each continent examines the water bodies and footprints of the animals on the footpaths, scratches on the trees, excrement, while in the second stage, the animals that come to the water bodies on the night of the full moon are counted. Accordingly, the National Park Administration collects all the reports and determines the statistics of the temporary animals.

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The footprints of tigers and leopards are deposited at the head office in Nagpur. The statistics are finalized only after they are examined by experts. Which animal (tiger or leopard) males, females, puppies, their age are determined from the testicles?

According to the wildlife census, 25 leopards with three tigers are found in Chandoli National Park, while between 350 and 400 cows, between 250 and 300 sambars, 100 bears, Maharashtra's Manbindu Shekhru and Haryal birds have been found. Cattle are found everywhere. There are a large number of different animals, birds, reptiles. Dragonflies are also found everywhere. Islampur's assistant forest ranger M.S. M. Panditrao, forest ranger Sanjay Kamble along with forest rangers and NGOs and environmentalists had participated in the census.

Plants

Chandoli is a semi-evergreen forest. There are Ain, Behda, Jambul, Hirda, Pangara, Phanas, Mad, Umber, Amla, Mango, Apta and other herbs like Adulsa, Kadilimb, Shikekai, Tamalpatra.

Animal

The sanctuary is home to many wildlife species. Pattewale and wild animals like leopard, tiger, cow, bear, wild boar, sambar, monkey, fox, bhekar, rabbit, rankutri, shekru, scaly cat, grass, deer etc. are found. There is a place called Siddheshwar in the sanctuary. There are rocky outcrops in that place.

Bird World

Mahadhanesh, Rakhidhanesh, Rankombadya, Kavade, Garud, Sasane, Khandya, Ghari, Bandya, Satbhai, Sutar, Bhardwaj, Ghubad, Chandol, Pingala, Ratwa, Kokil, Subhag, Swargiya Nartak, Pavasya, Chatak and Dam And other waterfowl .Maina, Satbhai, Hole, Bhardwaj, Peacock.

Summary

People are becoming aware of geo-tourism. Such a geographical location needs to be preserved to illuminate geographical events. The role of the government is important for that. In order to save all these places in the district, more measures need to be taken by the government. The administration should enforce stricter laws to preserve these tourist spots, which bear witness to the history of the district. The society needs to look at this tourist destination not only from a religious point of view but also from a geographical point of view. Only then will this

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tourist spot be conserved. The government and the society should look after the tourism center as an industry. Only then will tourism in the district emerge as an industry. This will provide employment to many people. It will also shed light on the history of the district.

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